## 17-th Austrian Mathematical Olympiad 1986

## Final Round

## First Day

- 1. Show that a square can be inscribed in any regular polygon.
- 2. For  $s,t \in \mathbb{N}$ , consider the set  $M = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{N}^2 \mid 1 \le x \le s, 1 \le y \le t\}$ . Find the number of rhombi with the vertices in M and the diagonals parallel to the coordinate axes.
- 3. Find all possible values of  $x_0$  and  $x_1$  such that the sequence defined by

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n-1}x_n}{3x_{n-1} - 2x_n}$$
 for  $n \ge 1$ 

contains infinitely many natural numbers.

## Second Day

- 4. Find the largest *n* for which there is a natural number *N* with *n* decimal digits which are all different such that *n*! divides *N*. Furthermore, for this largest *n* find all possible numbers *N*.
- 5. Show that for every convex *n*-gon  $(n \ge 4)$ , the arithmetic mean of the lengths of its sides is less than the arithmetic mean of the lengths of all its diagonals.
- 6. Given a positive integer *n*, find all functions  $F : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{R}$  such that F(x+y) = F(xy-n) whenever  $x, y \in \mathbb{N}$  satisfy xy > n.

