7-th Bosnia and Hercegovina Mathematical Olympiad 2002 May 2002

First Day

1. Let x, y, z be real numbers that satisfy

$$x+y+z=3$$
 and $xy+yz+zx=a$,

where a is a real parameter. Find the value of a for which the difference between the maximum and minimum possible values of x equals 8.

- 2. Triangle *ABC* is given in a plane. Draw the line that connects the points where the bisectors of angles *ABC* and *ACB* meet the opposite sides of the triangle. Through the point of intersection of this line and the bisector of angle *BAC*, draw a line parallel to *BC*. Let this line intersect *AB* in *M* and *AC* in *N*. Prove that 2MN = BM + CN.
- 3. If *n* is a natural number, show that $(n+1)(n+2)\cdots(n+10)$ is not a perfect square.

Second Day

4. Real numbers a, b, c satisfy $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 1$. Prove the inequality

$$\frac{a^2}{1+2bc} + \frac{b^2}{1+2ca} + \frac{c^2}{1+2ab} \ge \frac{3}{5}.$$

5. Let *p* and *q* be different prime numbers. Solve the following system in integers:

$$\frac{z+p}{x} + \frac{z-p}{y} = q,$$

$$\frac{z+p}{y} - \frac{z-p}{x} = q.$$

6. The vertices of the convex quadrilateral ABCD and the intersection point S of its diagonals are integer points in the plane. Let P be the area of ABCD and P_1 the area of triangle ABS. Prove that

$$\sqrt{P} \geq \sqrt{P_1} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$
.

