Chinese IMO Team Selection Test 1991

Time: 4.5 hours each day.

1. Let be given the polynomial $f(x) = x^n + a_1 x^{n-1} + \dots + a_n$ $(n \ge 2)$ which has real roots b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n . Prove that for every $x > \max\{b_1, \dots, b_n\}$ it holds that

$$f(x+1) \ge \frac{2n^2}{\frac{1}{x-b_1} + \frac{1}{x-b_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{x-b_n}}$$

- 2. Let be given a circle. For each i = 1, 2, ..., 1991, n_i points are arbitrarily selected on the circle and i is written at each of them. Find a necessary and sufficient condition on $n_1, n_2, ..., n_{1991}$ such that one can connect the points by some chords satisfying:
 - (i) no two chords have a common point;
 - (ii) at the endpoints of every chord are written different numbers;
 - (iii) each of the selected points is an endpoint of a chord?
- 3. Five points are given in the plane such that no three are collinear and no four are concyclic. We call a circle *good* if it passes through exactly three of the given points and contains exactly one of the remaining two points inside. Find all possible values of the number of good circles.

4. Five points A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_5 are given in this order on a unit circle. Let P be a point inside the circle. For $i = 1, 2, \ldots, 5$, lines $A_i A_{i+2}$ and PA_{i+1} intersect at Q_i , where $A_6 = A_1$ and $A_7 = A_2$. Given that $OQ_i = d_i$ for $i = 1, 2, \ldots, 5$, determine the product

$$A_1Q_1 \cdot A_2Q_2 \cdots A_5Q_5$$
.

5. The function f is defined on the set of nonnegative integers by f(0) = 0, f(1) = 1 and

$$f(n+2) = 23f(n+1) + f(n), \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

Prove that for any $m \in \mathbb{N}$ there is a $d \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $m \mid f(f(n))$ if and only if $d \mid n$.

6. Every edge of a convex polyhedron is colored red or blue. We call an angle of a face *singular* if its two rays are of different colors. For any vertex A of the polyhedron, let S_A denote the number of singular angles at A. Prove that there exist two vertices B and C such that $S_B + S_C \le 4$.



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