

# 12-th German Federal Mathematical Competition 1981/82

## First Round

1. Let  $S$  be the sum of the greatest odd divisors of the natural numbers 1 through  $2^n$ . Prove that  $3S = 4^n + 2$ .
2. In a convex quadrilateral  $ABCD$  sides  $AB$  and  $DC$  are both divided into  $m$  equal parts by points  $A, S_1, S_2, \dots, S_{m-1}, B$ , and  $D, T_1, T_2, \dots, T_{m-1}, C$ , respectively (in this order). Similarly, sides  $BC$  and  $AD$  are divided into  $n$  equal parts by points  $B, U_1, U_2, \dots, U_{n-1}, C$ , and  $A, V_1, V_2, \dots, V_{n-1}, D$ . Prove that each of the segments  $S_i T_i$  is divided by the segments  $U_j V_j$  ( $1 \leq j \leq n-1$ ) into  $n$  equal parts.
3. A convex 1982-gon is given in the plane. Consider all triangles with the vertices at vertices of the polygon. A point  $P$  inside the polygon does not lie on any of the triangles' sides. Prove that the number of the considered triangles that contain point  $P$  is even.
4. A set of real numbers is called *sum-free* if there are no three elements  $x, y, z$  of the set satisfying  $x + y = z$ . A sum-free subset of the set  $\{1, 2, \dots, 2n + 1\}$  has  $k$  elements. Find the largest possible value of  $k$ .