## Eötvös Mathematical Competition 1905

1. Find the necessary and sufficient conditions on positive integers $n, p$ for the system of equations

$$
x+p y=n, \quad x+y=p^{z}
$$

to have a positive integral solution $(x, y, z)$. Also prove that there is at most one such solution.
2. Divide the unit square into 9 equal squares and remove the central square. Now treat each of the remaining 8 squares the same way, and repeat this process $n$ times.
(a) How many squares of side length $1 / 3^{n}$ remain?
(b) What is the limit sum of the areas of the removed squares as $n$ approaches infinity?

3. Let $C_{1}$ be any point on side $A B$ of a triangle $A B C$. The lines through $A$ and $B$ parallel to $C C_{1}$ intersect the lines $B C$ and $A C$ respectively at $A_{1}$ and $B_{1}$. Prove that

$$
\frac{1}{A A_{1}}+\frac{1}{B B_{1}}=\frac{1}{C C_{1}}
$$

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