## Eötvös Mathematical Competition 1907

1. If $p$ and $q$ are odd integers, prove that the equation $x^{2}+2 p x+2 q=0$ has no rational roots.
2. Let $P$ be a point inside the parallelogram $A B C D$ and let $R$ be the radius of the circle through $A, B$ and $C$. Show that the distance from $P$ to the nearest vertex is not greater than $R$.
3. Let $\frac{r}{s}=0 . k_{l} k_{2} k_{3} \cdots$ be the decimal expansion of a rational number. (If this is a terminating decimal, all $k_{i}$ from a certain one on are 0.) Prove that at least two of the numbers

$$
\sigma_{i}=10^{i} \frac{r}{s}-\left(10^{i-1} k_{1}+10^{i-2} k_{2}+\cdots+k_{i}\right)
$$

are equal.

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