

15-th Iranian Mathematical Olympiad 1997/1998

Second Round

Time: 4 hours each day.

First Day

1. Suppose that a, b, x are positive integers such that

$$x^{a+b} = a^b b.$$

Prove that $a = x$ and $b = x^x$.

2. In an acute triangle ABC , points D, E, F are the feet of the altitudes from A, B, C , respectively. A line through D parallel to EF meets AC at Q and AB at R . Lines BC and EF intersect at P . Prove that the circumcircle of triangle PQR passes through the midpoint of BC .
3. Let $S = \{x_0, x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ be a finite set of numbers in the interval $[0, 1]$ with $x_0 = 0$ and $x_1 = 1$. We consider pairwise distances between numbers in S . If every distance that appears, except the distance 1, occurs at least twice, prove that all the x_i are rational.

Second Day

4. Let ABC and XYZ be triangles and let

$$\begin{aligned} BC \cap ZX &= A_1, & CA \cap XY &= B_1, & AB \cap YZ &= C_1, \\ BC \cap XY &= A_2, & CA \cap YZ &= B_2, & AB \cap ZX &= C_2. \end{aligned}$$

Prove that

$$\frac{C_1 C_2}{AB} = \frac{A_1 A_2}{BC} = \frac{B_1 B_2}{CA} \quad \text{if and only if} \quad \frac{A_1 C_2}{XZ} = \frac{C_1 B_2}{ZY} = \frac{B_1 A_2}{YX}.$$

5. Let x, y, z be real numbers greater than 1 such that $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} = 2$. Prove that

$$\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y-1} + \sqrt{z-1} \leq \sqrt{x+y+z}.$$

6. Let \mathcal{P} be the set of all points in \mathbb{R}^n with rational coordinates. For points $A, B \in \mathcal{P}$, one can move from A to B if the distance AB is 1. Prove that every point in \mathcal{P} can be reached from any other point in \mathcal{P} by a finite sequence of moves if and only if $n \geq 5$.